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8
IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
9
EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

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11 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
12 Plaintiff,
13 v.
14 ARMANDO CABRERA-SANCHEZ,
15 Defendant.

CASE NO. 5:20-MJ-00009-JLT
STIPULATION REGARDING EXCLUDABLE
TIME PERIODS UNDER SPEEDY TRIAL ACT;
FINDINGS AND ORDER
DATE: April 29, 2020
TIME: 2:00 p.m.
COURT: Hon. Stanley A. Boone

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17 This case is set for preliminary hearing on April 29, 2020. On April 17, 2020, this Court issued
18 General Order 617, which suspends all jury trials in the Eastern District of California scheduled to
19 commence before June 15, 2020, and allows district judges to continue all criminal matters to a date
20 after June 1. This and previous General Orders were entered to address public health concerns related to
21 COVID-19.

22 Although the General Orders address the district-wide health concern, the Supreme Court has
23 emphasized that the Speedy Trial Act's end-of-justice provision "counteract[s] substantive
24 openendedness with procedural strictness," "demand[ing] on-the-record findings" in a particular case.
25 *Zedner v. United States*, 547 U.S. 489, 509 (2006). "[W]ithout on-the-record findings, there can be no
26 exclusion under" § 3161(h)(7)(A). *Id.* at 507. Moreover, any such failure cannot be harmless. *Id.* at
27 509; see also *United States v. Ramirez-Cortez*, 213 F.3d 1149, 1153 (9th Cir. 2000) (explaining that a
28 judge ordering an ends-of-justice continuance must set forth explicit findings on the record "either

orally or in writing").

Based on the plain text of the Speedy Trial Act—which *Zedner* emphasizes as both mandatory and inexcusable—General Orders 611, 612, and 617 require specific supplementation. Ends-of-justice continuances are excludable only if “the judge granted such continuance on the basis of his findings that the ends of justice served by taking such action outweigh the best interest of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial.” 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(A). Moreover, no such period is excludable unless “the court sets forth, in the record of the case, either orally or in writing, its reason or finding that the ends of justice served by the granting of such continuance outweigh the best interests of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial.” *Id.*

The General Orders exclude delay in the “ends of justice.” 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7) (Local Code T4). Although the Speedy Trial Act does not directly address continuances stemming from pandemics, natural disasters, or other emergencies, this Court has discretion to order a continuance in such circumstances. For example, the Ninth Circuit affirmed a two-week ends-of-justice continuance following Mt. St. Helens’ eruption. *Furlow v. United States*, 644 F.2d 764 (9th Cir. 1981). The court recognized that the eruption made it impossible for the trial to proceed. *Id.* at 767-68; *see also United States v. Correa*, 182 F. Supp. 326, 329 (S.D.N.Y. 2001) (citing *Furlow* to exclude time following the September 11, 2001 terrorist attacks and the resultant public emergency). The coronavirus is posing a similar, albeit more enduring, barrier to the prompt proceedings mandated by the statutory rules.

In light of the societal context created by the foregoing, this Court should consider the following case-specific facts in finding excludable delay appropriate in this particular case under the ends-of-justice exception, § 3161(h)(7) (Local Code T4).¹ If continued, this Court should designate a new date for the preliminary hearing. *United States v. Lewis*, 611 F.3d 1172, 1176 (9th Cir. 2010) (noting any pretrial continuance must be “specifically limited in time”).

STIPULATION

Plaintiff United States of America, by and through its counsel of record, and defendant, by and through defendant's counsel of record, hereby stipulate as follows:

¹ The parties note that General Order 612 acknowledges that a district judge may make “additional findings to support the exclusion” at the judge’s discretion. General Order 612, ¶ 5 (E.D. Cal. March 18, 2020).

1 1. By previous order, this matter was set for preliminary hearing on April 29, 2020.

2 2. By this stipulation, defendant now moves to continue the preliminary hearing until May
3 29, 2020, and to exclude time between April 29, 2020, and May 29, 2020, under Local Code T4.

4 3. The parties agree and stipulate, and request that the Court find the following:

5 a) Counsel for defendant desires additional time to consult with their client, to
6 review the current Complaint, to conduct investigation and research related to the Complaint, to
7 discuss potential resolution with their client, and to otherwise prepare for trial.

8 b) Counsel for defendant believes that failure to grant the above-requested
9 continuance would deny him/her the reasonable time necessary for effective preparation, taking
10 into account the exercise of due diligence.

11 c) The government does not object to the continuance.

12 d) In addition to the public health concerns cited by General Order 617, and
13 presented by the evolving COVID-19 pandemic, an ends-of-justice delay is particularly apt in
14 this case because Counsel or other relevant individuals have been encouraged to telework and
15 minimize personal contact to the greatest extent possible. It will be difficult to avoid personal
16 contact should the hearing proceed.

17 e) Based on the above-stated findings, the ends of justice served by continuing the
18 case as requested outweigh the interest of the public and the defendant in a trial within the
19 original date prescribed by the Speedy Trial Act.

20 f) For the purpose of computing time under the Speedy Trial Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3161,
21 et seq., within which trial must commence, the time period of April 29, 2020 to May 29, 2020,
22 inclusive, is deemed excludable pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(A), B(iv) [Local Code T4]
23 because it results from a continuance granted by the Court at defendant's request on the basis of
24 the Court's finding that the ends of justice served by taking such action outweigh the best interest
25 of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial.

26 4. Nothing in this stipulation and order shall preclude a finding that other provisions of the
27 Speedy Trial Act dictate that additional time periods are excludable from the period within which a trial
28 must commence.

1 IT IS SO STIPULATED.
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Dated: April 22, 2020

McGREGOR W. SCOTT
United States Attorney

5 /s/ ANGELA SCOTT
6 ANGELA SCOTT
7 Assistant United States Attorney

8 /s/ ANTHONY YIM
9 ANTHONY YIM
Assistant United States Attorney

10 Dated: April 22, 2020

11 /s/ Harry M. Drandell
12 Harry M. Drandell
13 Counsel for Defendant
14 ARMANDO CABRERA-SANCHEZ

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8 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
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11 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
12 Plaintiff,
13 v.
14 ARMANDO CABRERA-SANCHEZ,
15 Defendant.

CASE NO. 5:20-MJ-00009-JLT
FINDINGS AND ORDER
EXTENDING TIME FOR PRELIMINARY
HEARING PURSUANT TO RULE 5.1(d) AND
EXCLUDING TIME

DATE: April 29, 2020
TIME: 2:00 p.m.
COURT: Hon. Stanley A. Boone

17 The Court has read and considered the Stipulation for Extension of Time for Preliminary Hearing
18 Pursuant to Rule 5.1(d) and Exclusion of Time, filed by the parties in this matter on April 22, 2020.
19 The Court hereby finds that the Stipulation, which this Court incorporates by reference into this Order,
20 demonstrates good cause for an extension of time for the preliminary hearing date pursuant to Rule
21 5.1(d) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

22 Furthermore, for the reasons set forth in the parties' stipulation, the Court finds that the interests
23 of justice served by granting this continuance outweigh the best interests of the public and the defendant
24 in a speedy trial. 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(A). The Court further finds that the extension of time would
25 not adversely affect the public interest in the prompt disposition of criminal cases.

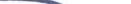
26 THEREFORE, FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN:

- 27 1. The date of the preliminary hearing is extended to May 29, 2020, at 2:00 p.m.
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2. The time between April 29, 2020, and May 29, 2020, shall be excluded from calculation pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(A).
 3. Defendants shall appear at that date and time before the Magistrate Judge on duty.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: April 22, 2020



UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE